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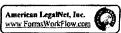
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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGI	NNING 01/1/2012	AND ENDING 12/3	1/2012
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Ve	rtical Capital Securities, LLC	•	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.	
20 Pacifica, Suite 190			
	(No. and Street)		
Irvine	CA	9	2618
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMB Sean Lawson	ER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN		PORT 66-224-9320 (Area Code - Telephone Number)
Y .	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF	CATION	ndian and an annual and an an an annual and an
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT	NTANT whose opinion is contained i	•	
3832 Shannon Road,	Los Angeles	CA	90027
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Acco	untant		
Public Accountant			
Accountant not reside	nt in United States or any of its poss	essions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, S	ean L	awson, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	knov	vledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Ver	tical	Capital Secruities,LLC as
		nber 31, , 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
		he company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
		solely as that of a customer, except as follows:
Cias	SILICO	sololy as that of a basic they be seen as
Nor	ne	
		Signature
		Prisident
		Title
<	see	Notary Public 2/28/13
		<u> </u>
		Notary Public O
Thi	is rep	ort ** contains (check all applicable boxes):
\boxtimes	(a)	Facing Page.
\boxtimes	(b)	Statement of Financial Condition.
\boxtimes		Statement of Income (Loss).
図	(d)	Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
	(e)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
닏		
	(g)	Computation of Net Capital. Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
爿	(n)	Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
胃	(9)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
اسا		Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
		consolidation.
\boxtimes		An Oath or Affirmation.
	(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
	(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.



^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CALIFORNIA JURAT WITH AFFIANT STATEMENT GOVERNMENT CODE § 8202

	and the second s
Signature of Document Signer No. 1	Signature of Document Signer No. 2 (if any)
State of California	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me
Olean	
County of Ovariage	on this 28 ¹⁹ day of <u>February</u> , 20 13, by
-	500. 101.350.
	(1) Sear Course Name of Signer
************	proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence
CAROLINE PETRAITIS Commission # 1939793	to be the person who appeared before me (.) (,)
Notary Public - California Orange County	(and
My Comm. Expires Jul 2, 2015	(2) Name of Signer
	proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence
	to be the person who appeared before me.
	Signature Carrline
Place Notary Seal Above	Signature of Notary Public
	OPTIONAL ————————————————————————————————————
	RIGHT THUMBPRINT OF SIGNER #1 OF SIGNER #2
Though the information below is not required by late to persons relying on the document and could pre	w, it may prove valuable Top of thumb here
and reattachment of this form to another	or document.
Further Description of Any Attached Docu	iment
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Title or Type of Document:	
Document Date:N	lumber of Pages:
O' 4) Other There Named Above	RIGHT THUMBPRINT OF SIGNER #1 Top of thumb here RIGHT THUMBPRINT OF SIGNER #2 Top of thumb here Imment Top of thumb here Top of thumb here Top of thumb here
Signer(s) Other Than Named Above:	

Vertical Capital Securities, LLC

Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Contents

PART I	
Report of Independent Auditor	1 - 2
Statement of Financial Condition	3
Statement of Income (Loss)	4
Statement of Changes in Member's Equity	5
Statement of Changes in Financial Condition	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7 - 9
SCHEDULES	
Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital	
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1	10
Schedule II – Computation for Determination	
of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3	11
Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or	
Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3	12
PART II	
Report on Internal Control	13 - 14
	10 17

Elizabeth Tractenberg, CPA

3832 SHANNON ROAD LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90027 323/669-0545 – Fax 323/669-0575 elizabeth@tractenberg.net PCAOB # 3621

Report of Independent Auditor

To the Member Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Irvine, California

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Vertical Capital Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2012 and related statements of income (loss), changes in member's equity, and changes in financial condition for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements. These financial statements are the responsibility of Vertical Capital Securities, LLC's management.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

To the Member Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Page 2

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Vertical Capital Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its changes in financial position for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I, II and III has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information in Schedules I, II and III is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Elizabeth Tractenberg, CPA

Elizabet Trackabey

Los Angeles, CA February 17, 2013

Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2012

Assets				
Cash and equivalent	\$	8,988		
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	8,988		
Liabilities and Member's Equity				
Liabilities				
Bank overdraft	\$	73		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,203		
Total Liabilities		3,276		
Member's Equity		5,712		
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	<u>\$</u>	8,988		

Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Statement of Income (Loss) For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Revenues

Fees and other income	\$ 385,320
Total revenues	_385,320
Expenses	
Commissions	261,548
Office expense	1,348
Professional fees	27,769
Regulatory fees	7,679
Salaries and payroll taxes	381,145
Telephone	1,497
All other expenses	4,315
Total expenses	_685,301
Income (loss) before tax provision	(299,981)
Income tax provision	1,700
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ (301,681</u>)

Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Statement of Changes in Member's Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Total		
Balance, December 31, 2011	\$	13,468	
Capital contributions		293,925	
Net Income (loss)		(301,681)	
Member distributions		<u></u>	
Balance, December 31, 2012	<u>\$</u>	5,712	

Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Statement of Changes in Financial Condition For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$	(301,681)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Deposits		2,499
Bank overdraft		73
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	***************************************	(17,905)
Net cash used by operating activities		(317,014)
Cash Flows for Investing Activities:		-
Cash Flows for Financing Activities:		
Capital contribution		293,925
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	•	293,925
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(23,089)
Cash - beginning of the year	 -	32,077
Cash - end of year	<u>\$</u>	8,988
Supplemental Cash Flow Information		
Cash paid for interest	\$	_
Cash paid for income tax	\$	800

Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2012

Note 1 - Organization and Nature of Business

Vertical Capital Securities, LLC (Company), on September 4, 2009, was organized in Delaware as a Limited Liability Company. The Company is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). The Company is 100% owned by Vertical Capital Markets Group, LLC.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation – The Company conducts the following types of business as a securities broker-dealer, which comprises several classes of services, including:

- Broker or dealer selling tax shelters or limited partnerships in primary distribution
- Private placements of securities

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3 (k) (2) (i), the Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis and does not execute or clear securities transactions for customers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition - The Company receives advisory fees in accordance with terms stipulated in its engagement contracts. Financial advisory fees are recognized as earned on a pro rata basis over the term of the contract or the period that advisory services are rendered, whichever is shorter. Commission income from the sales of tax shelters or limited partnerships are recognized when the deal is closed.

Income Taxes - The Company, with consent of its Member, has elected to be a Delaware Limited Liability Company. For tax purposes the Company is treated like a partnership, therefore in lieu of business income taxes, the Member is taxed on the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements. The State of California has a similar treatment, although there exists a provision for a gross receipts tax and a minimum Franchise Tax of \$800.

Statement of Changes in Financial Condition - The Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than three months that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2012

Note 3 - Fair Value

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's
 own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the
 asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best
 information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2012.

Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis As of December 31, 2012

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Cash	\$ 8,988	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,988

Note 4 - Related Party

The Company and its parent have common shareholders. Rent and general overhead are allocated between the two companies. During 2012 the Company paid approximately \$8,863 as rent and other expenses and \$272,144 for salaries and wages to Vertical Capital Markets Group, LLC.

In addition, substantially all the revenue is generated from sales of investments in investment funds run by the parent company.

Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2012

Note 4 - Related Party (continued)

It is possible that the terms of certain of the related party transactions are not the same as those that would result from transactions among wholly unrelated parties.

Note 5 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$5,712 which was \$712 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was .57 to 1. The Company's net capital was less than the required 120% at December 31, 2012, therefore it was in "early warning" status.

Note 6 - Income Taxes

The Company is subject to a limited liability company gross receipts tax, with a minimum provision of \$800. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company recorded the minimum liability company income tax of \$800 and gross receipts tax of \$900.

Note 7- Exemption from the SEC Rule 15c3-3

Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i) provides an exemption from the SEC's so-called "customer protection rule" for firms that: carry no margin accounts; promptly transmit all customer funds and deliver all securities received in connection with their broker-dealer activities; do not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers; and effectuate all financial transactions with customers through one or more bank accounts designated as "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers" of the Company.

Note 8 – SIPC Supplementary Report Requirement

The Company is not required to complete the SIPC Supplementary Report under SEC Rule 17a-5(e) (4) for fiscal year ending December 31, 2012 because the Company's SIPC Net Operating Revenues are under \$500,000.

Note 9 - Subsequent Events

Management has reviewed the results of operations for the period of time from its year end December 31, 2012 through February 17, 2013, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that no adjustments are necessary to the amounts reported in the accompanying combined financial statements nor have any subsequent events occurred, the nature of which would require disclosure.

Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Schedule I Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant To Rule 15c3-1 December 31, 2012

Computation of Net Capital		
Total ownership equity from statement of financial condition	\$	5,712
Nonallowable assets:	***********	-
Net Capital	<u>\$</u>	5,712
Computation of Net Capital Requirements		
Minimum net aggregate indebtedness -		
6.67% of net aggregate indebtedness	\$	218
Minimum dollar net capital required	\$	5,000
Net Capital required (greater of above amounts)	\$	5,000
Excess Capital	\$	712
•	-1	
Excess net capital at 1000% (net capital less 10% of		
aggregate indebtedness)	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,385</u>
Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness		
Total liabilities	\$	3,276
	¥	
Aggregate indebtedness to net capital		0.57
The following is a reconciliation of the above net capital computation with the		
Company's corresponding unaudited computation pursuant to Rule 179-5(d)(4):		
Net Capital Per Company's Computation	\$	6,802
Variance -		
Increase in accrued expenses		(1,090)
Net Capital Per Audited Report	\$	5,712

Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Schedule II – Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2012

A computation of reserve requirement is not applicable to Vertical Capital Securities, LLC as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k) (2) (i).

Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Schedule III – Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2012

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Vertical Capital Securities, LLC as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3 (k) (2) (i).

Elizabeth Tractenberg, CPA

3832 SHANNON ROAD LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90027 323/669-0545 – Fax 323/669-0575 elizabeth@tractenberg.net

PART II

Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5(g)(1) for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3

To the Member Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Irvine, California

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of Vertical Capital Securities, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, I considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g) (1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), I have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that I considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, I did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

To the Member Vertical Capital Securities, LLC Page 2

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. I found that the Company failed to accrue certain expenses at year end with the result that the net capital was below the 120% required and put the Company in "early warning: status. I do not consider this to be a material weakness as it is a year-end accrual issue. I did not identify any other deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, management, the SEC, and FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Elizabeth Tractenberg, CPA Los Angeles, California

February 17, 2013